|  |
| --- |
| AMR 51/8258/2024 - USA - Date: 3 July 2024 |
| FURTHER INFORMATION | URGENT ACTION | FI UA 016/19-6 |
| Urge clemency for Native American activist |
| USA |

Native American activist Leonard Peltier has been imprisoned in the USA for nearly 50 years, some of which was spent in solitary confinement, serving two life sentences for murder despite serious and ongoing concerns over the fairness of his trial. He has always maintained his innocence. Now 79 years old, he contracted COVID-19 in 2022 and suffers from several chronic health ailments, including one that is potentially fatal. He was denied parole on 2 July 2024. We urge President Biden to grant Leonard Peltier clemency on humanitarian grounds and as a matter of justice.

Leonard Peltier, an Anishinaabe-Lakota Native American, was a member of the American Indian Movement (AIM), which promotes Native American rights. On 26 June 1975, during a confrontation involving AIM members on the Pine Ridge Indian reservation in South Dakota, FBI agents Ronald Williams and Jack Coler were shot dead. AIM Member Joseph Stuntz was also killed. Leonard Peltier was convicted of their murders in 1977 and sentenced to two consecutive life sentences. Leonard Peltier has always maintained his innocence.

Myrtle Poor Bear, a key alleged eyewitness and a Lakota Native woman who lived at Pine Ridge, said on her statement that she saw Leonard Peltier kill both FBI agents. Based on this, Leonard Peltier was extradited from Canada, where he had fled following the shootings. Myrtle Poor Bear later retracted her testimony. Although not called as a prosecution witness at trial, the trial judge refused to allow Leonard Peltier’s attorneys to call Myrtle Poor Bear as a defense witness on the grounds that her testimony «could be highly prejudicial to the government». In 2000, Myrtle Poor Bear issued a public statement to say that her original testimony was a result of months of threats and harassment from FBI agents.

In 1980 documents were released to Leonard Peltier’s lawyers as a result of a lawsuit under the Freedom of Information Act. The documents contained ballistics evidence which might have assisted Leonard Peltier’s case, but which had been withheld by the prosecution at trial. However, in 1986, the U.S. Court of Appeal for the Eighth Circuit denied Leonard Peltier a retrial, stating that: «We recognize that there is some evidence in this record of improper conduct on the part of some FBI agents, but we are reluctant to impute even further improprieties to them.»

Previously, the U.S. Parole Commission has always denied parole to Leonard Peltier on the grounds that he did not accept criminal responsibility for the murders of the two FBI agents. This is even though, after one such hearing, the Commission acknowledged that, “the prosecution has conceded the lack of any direct evidence that you personally participated in the executions of two FBI agents”. This despite the fact that James H. Reynolds, the US Attorney whose office handled the criminal case prosecution and appeal of Leonard Peltier, wrote that he supported clemency «in the best interest of Justice in considering the totality of all matters involved.»

Leonard Peltier suffers from a variety of ailments, including kidney disease, Type 2 diabetes, high blood pressure, a heart condition, a degenerative joint disease, and constant shortness of breath and dizziness. A stroke in 1986 left him virtually blind in one eye. In January 2016, doctors diagnosed him with a life-threatening condition: a large and potentially fatal abdominal aortic aneurysm that could rupture at any time and would result in his death. He currently uses a walker due to limited mobility and contracted COVID-19 in 2022. He continues to be at risk of re-infection while in detention.

The National Congress of American Indians have called for Leonard Peltier’s release as have many other Tribal Leaders and Indigenous Peoples in the USA and around the world, as well as the United Nations Working Group on Arbitrary Detention. In 2015, several Nobel Peace Prize winners—including Archbishop Desmond Tutu—added their names to calls for his release. Leonard Peltier’s attorney applied for clemency to President Biden in July 2021. President Biden committed to granting clemency on a rolling basis during his administration. However, as of July 2024, no decision has been made on his application. He has previously sought clemency, most recently from President Obama in 2016, but his petition has been denied each time. Due to the numerous issues at trial, the exhaustion of all his legal avenues for appeal, the amount of time he has already served, his continued maintenance of innocence along with his chronic health issues, Leonard Peltier deserves to be granted clemency.

TAKE ACTION

* Write an appeal in your own words or use the **model letter** on **page 2**.
* Please take action before **20 January** 2025.
* Preferred language: **English**. You can also write in your own language.
* **INFO POSTAGE**: Post delivery is possible to almost all countries. Please check at the Swiss Post whether letters are currently being delivered to the destination country.
If not, please send by email, fax or social media and/or via the embassy with the request for forwarding to the named person. Thank you !

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| APPEALS TO | COPIES TO |
| President Joseph BidenThe White House1600 Pennsylvania Ave NWWashington, DC 20500USAWhite House Comment line: (202) 456-1111**Webform\***: <https://www.whitehouse.gov/contact/>Twitter/X: @POTUS, @JoeBiden**\***A US-based address is needed for the White House webform.International action takers, please use AI USA’s address when filling out: Amnesty International USA. 311 West 43rd St. 7th Floor, New York, NY 10036 USA | Botschaft der Vereinigten Staaten von AmerikaSulgeneckstrasse 193007 BernFax: 031 357 73 20E-Mail: bernpa@state.gov ; bern-protocol@state.gov Twitter/X: /USEmbassyBernFB: /USBotschaftBern |
| ⭢ **Social media guidance** see online: [amnesty.ch](https://www.amnesty.ch) 🔍**UA 016/19** |

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

President Joseph Biden
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave NW
Washington, DC 20500
USA

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Dear President Biden,

**Leonard Peltier is a member of the American Indian Movement (AIM), which promotes Native American rights. In 1975, during a confrontation involving AIM members, two FBI agents were killed. Leonard Peltier was convicted of their murders but has always denied killing the agents.**

There are serious and ongoing concerns about the fairness of trial and conviction, including for example the prosecution’s withholding of evidence that might have assisted Leonard Peltier’s defence. In light of these concerns, the former US Attorney whose office handled the prosecution, James Reynolds, has since called for clemency.

Leonard Peltier was denied parole on 2 July 2024 after a hearing in which the government reportedly limited the witnesses he could call to two and selected who those witnesses would be, raising serious concerns about the fairness of parole process.

Leonard Peltier is now 79 years old, has spent nearly 50 years in prison and there are serious concerns about his deteriorating health.

**I urge you to grant Leonard Peltier clemency on humanitarian grounds and as a matter of justice.**

Yours sincerely,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Copie**

Botschaft der Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika, Sulgeneckstrasse 19, 3007 Bern

Fax: 031 357 73 20 / E-Mail: bernpa@state.gov ; bern-protocol@state.gov / Twitter/X: /USEmbassyBern / FB: /USBotschaftBern